

1. The position of a skateboarder at any time t (in seconds) is given by the function $s(t) = t^3 - 8t^2 + 8t$ measured in feet.

- What are the velocity and acceleration functions in terms of t ?
- When is the skateboarder at rest?
- What is the position(s) of the skateboarder when at rest?
- What are the position, velocity, and acceleration of the skateboarder at three seconds and at 5 seconds?
- Sketch a motion schematics for the skateboarder. Make sure to label position and velocity at each critical time.
- What was the total distance traveled in the first five seconds?
- Find the displacement in the first 5 seconds.
- When is the skateboarder moving to the right and left? Use interval notation for your answers.

a) $v(t) = 3t^2 - 16t + 8$
 $a(t) = 6t - 16$

b) $0 = 3t^2 - 16t + 8$
 $t = .558 \text{ sec}$
 $t = 4.775 \text{ sec}$

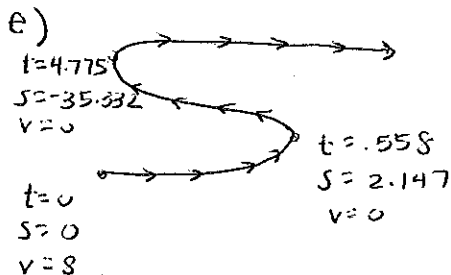
c) $s(.558) = 2.147 \text{ ft.}$
 $s(4.775) = -35.332 \text{ ft.}$

d) $s(3) = -21 \text{ ft}$ $s(5) = -35 \text{ ft}$
 $v(3) = -13 \text{ ft/sec}$ $v(5) = 3 \text{ ft/sec}$
 $a(3) = 2 \text{ ft/sec}^2$ $a(5) = 14 \text{ ft/sec}^2$

f) $s=0$ $s=2.147$ $s=-35.332$ $s=-35$
0 .558 4.775 5
|2.147| + |-37.479| + |-332| =
39.958 ft.

g) $s(5) - s(0)$
 $-35 - 0 = -35 \text{ ft.}$
35 ft. to the left

h) left: $(.558, 4.775)$
right: $[0, .558) \cup (4.775, \infty)$



2. The position of a particle at any time t (in seconds) is given by the function $s(t) = 2t^3 - 27t + 15$ measured in feet.

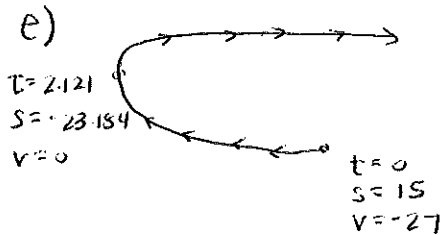
- What are the velocity and acceleration equation in terms of t ?
- When is the particle at rest?
- What is the position(s) of the particle when it is at rest?
- What are the initial position, velocity, and acceleration of the particle?
- Sketch a motion schematics for the skateboarder. Make sure to label position and velocity at each critical time.
- What is the total distance traveled from one second to six seconds?
- What is the displacement for the same time frame?
- When is the particle moving to the left and right? Use interval notation for your answers.

a) $v(t) = 6t^2 - 27$
 $a(t) = 12t$

b) $0 = 6t^2 - 27$
 $27 = 6t^2$
 $\sqrt{t^2} = \sqrt{4.5}$
 $t = 2.121 \text{ sec}$

c) $s(2.121) = -23.184 \text{ ft.}$

d) $s(0) = 15 \text{ ft.}$
 $v(0) = -27 \text{ ft/sec.}$
 $a(0) = 0 \text{ ft/sec}^2$



g) $s(6) - s(1)$
 $285 - (-10)$
 295 ft.

h) left: $[0, 2.121)$
 right: $(2.121, \infty)$

f)

$s = -10$ $s = -23.184$ $s = 285$

1 2.121 6

$|-13.184| + |308.184| =$
 321.368 ft.

3. A particle is moving with its position defined by $s(t) = t^3 - 6t^2 + 9t + 5$ where t is in seconds and s is in feet.

- What are the particle's velocity and acceleration functions?
- Find the displacement and the total distance traveled by the particle in the first four seconds.
- What is the velocity of the particle when its position is 8 feet?
- Sketch a motion schematic labeling position, velocity, and acceleration at the beginning, end, and at each change.

a) $v(t) = 3t^2 - 12t + 9$

$a(t) = 6t - 12$

$s(4) - s(0)$

$9 - 5 = 4 \text{ ft}$

↳ displacement

b) $0 = 3t^2 - 12t + 9$

$0 = 3(t^2 - 4t + 3)$

$0 = 3(t-3)(t-1)$

$t=3 \quad t=1$

$s=5 \quad s=9 \quad s=5 \quad s=9$

$0 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 4$

$|9-5| + |5-9| + |9-5|$

$4 + 4 + 4 = 12 \text{ ft}$

↳ total distance

c) $8 = t^3 - 6t^2 + 9t + 5$

$0 = t^3 - 6t^2 + 9t - 3$

$t = .468 \text{ sec}$

$t = 1.653 \text{ sec}$

$t = 3.879 \text{ sec}$

$v(.468) = 4.041 \text{ ft/sec}$

$v(1.653) = -2.639 \text{ ft/sec}$

$v(3.879) = 7.592 \text{ ft/sec}$

4. An object has its position defined by $s(t) = t^3 - 9t^2 + 24t + 20$ in feet.

- What are the velocity and acceleration functions?
- What are the position and velocity of the object when its acceleration is -6.5 ft/sec^2 ?
- Find the displacement and the total distance traveled by the particle from $t = 1.5$ seconds to $t = 7$ seconds.

a) $v(t) = 3t^2 - 18t + 24$

$a(t) = 6t - 18$

c) $s = 39.125 \quad s = 40 \quad s = 36 \quad s = 90$

$1.5 \quad 2 \quad 4 \quad 7$

$|1.875| + |-4| + |54| = 58.875 \text{ ft}$

↳ total distance

b) $-6.5 = 6t - 18$

$11.5 = 6t$

$t = 1.917 \text{ sec}$

$s(1.917) = 39.979 \text{ ft}$

$v(1.917) = .519 \text{ ft/sec}$

$0 = 3t^2 - 18t + 24$

$0 = 3(t^2 - 6t + 8)$

$0 = 3(t-4)(t-2)$

$t = 4 \quad t = 2$

displacement:

$s(7) - s(1.5)$

$90 - 39.125 = 50.875 \text{ ft}$

5. A person is standing on top of the Tower of Pisa and throws a ball directly upward with an initial velocity of 96 feet per second. The Tower of Pisa is 176 feet high.

- What are the functions for position, velocity, and acceleration of the ball?
- When does the ball hit the ground and with what velocity?
- How far does the ball travel during its flight?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } s(t) &= -16t^2 + 96t + 176 \\ v(t) &= -32t + 96 \\ a(t) &= -32 \end{aligned}$$

max height:

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= -32t + 96 \\ t &= 3 \text{ sec} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } 0 &= -16t^2 + 96t + 176 \\ t &= 7.472 \text{ sec} \end{aligned}$$

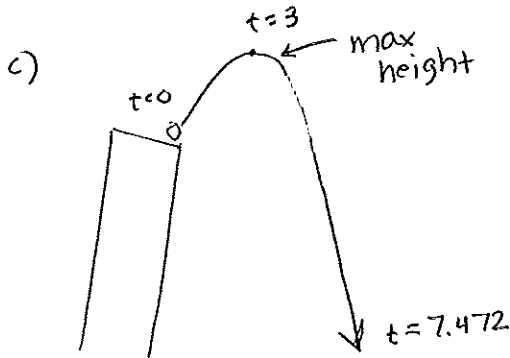
$$\begin{aligned} v(7.472) &= -143.104 \\ &143.104 \text{ ft/sec} \end{aligned}$$

$$|s(3) - s(0)| + |s(7.472) - s(3)|$$

$$|320 - 176| + |0 - 320|$$

$$144 + 320$$

$$464 \text{ ft.}$$



6. A person is standing on top of a building that is 112 feet high. This person throws a rock vertically upward with an initial velocity of 84 feet per second.

- What are the functions for position, velocity, and acceleration of the rock?
- When does the rock hit the ground and what is its impact velocity?
- When is the velocity zero? What is the significance of this time?
- How far does the rock travel during its flight?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } s(t) &= -16t^2 + 84t + 112 \\ v(t) &= -32t + 84 \\ a(t) &= -32 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{c) } 0 = -32t + 84$$

$$-84 = -32t$$

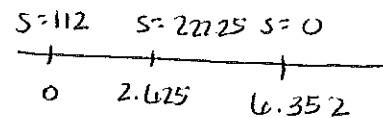
$$t = 2.625 \text{ sec}$$

* rock reaches max height

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } 0 &= -16t^2 + 84t + 112 \\ t &= 6.352 \text{ sec} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(6.352) &= -119.264 \\ &119.264 \text{ ft/sec} \end{aligned}$$

d)



$$|110.25| + |222.25| = 332.5 \text{ ft.}$$

7. A ball is thrown vertically upward from the ground with an initial velocity of 160 feet per second.

- a) What are the position, velocity, and acceleration functions?
- b) When will the ball hit the ground?
- c) When will the ball reach its maximum height?
- d) What is the speed of the ball when it hits the ground?

a) $s(t) = -16t^2 + 160t$

$$v(t) = -32t + 160$$

$$a(t) = -32$$

b) $s(t) = 0$

$$t = 10 \text{ sec}$$

c) $v(t) = 0$

$$t = 5 \text{ sec}$$

d) $v(10) = -160$

$$160 \text{ ft/sec}$$

8. A projectile is launched vertically upward from an initial height of 129 feet with an initial velocity of 87 feet per second.

- a) What are the position, velocity, and acceleration functions?
- b) When will the projectile hit the ground?
- c) What is its impact velocity?
- d) When will the projectile reach its maximum height?
- e) What is the maximum height?

a) $s(t) = -16t^2 + 87t + 129$

$$v(t) = -32t + 87$$

$$a(t) = -32$$

d) $0 = -32t + 87$

$$-87 = -32t$$

$$t = 2.719 \text{ sec}$$

b) $0 = -16t^2 + 87t + 129$

$$t = 6.650 \text{ sec}$$

e) $s(2.719) = 247.266 \text{ ft}$

c) $v(6.650) = -125.8$

$$125.8 \text{ ft/sec}$$

